
HUMAN SOLUBLE CD14 ULTRASENSITIVE ELISA KIT

FOR THE QUANTITATIVE DETERMINATION OF HUMAN sCD14 CONCENTRATIONS IN SERUM, PLASMA AND CELL CULTURE SUPERNATES



CD14 IS DETECTABLE IN SALIVA. TAKE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF KIT REAGENTS WHILE RUNNING THIS ASSAY. ALWAYS REFER TO LOT SPECIFIC PROTCOL PROVIDED WITH EACH KIT FOR INSTRUCTIONS. PROTOCOL MUST BE READ BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

PRODUCT INFORMATION:

THIS KIT IS FOR ONE TIME USE ONLY.

ELISA Name	Human Soluble CD14 Ultrasensitive ELISA
Catalog No.	SK00178-06
Lot No.	
Formulation	96 T
Standard	19 – 1250 pg/ml
range	
Sensitivity	7 pg/ml
Sample	5 ~ 10 μl of serum or
Require	plasma
Sample Type	Serum, Plasma and Cell
	Culture Supernates
Dilution	2000-4000 (Optimal
Factor	dilutions should be
	determined by each
	laboratory for each
	application)
Specificity	Human Soluble CD14
Calibration	Human sCD14
	Recombinant
Intra-assay	6 - 8%
Precision	
Inter-assay	10 - 12%
Precision	
Storage	2 – 8°C

This kit contains sufficient materials to run 40 samples duplicated provided that assay is run according to protocol.

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DESCRIPTION

This Human Soluble CD14 Ultrasensitive ELISA Kit contains the necessary components required for the quantitative measurement of recombinant and/or natural human soluble CD14 from cell culture supernates, serum and plasma in a sandwich ELISA format.

This immunoassay contains recombinant human soluble CD14 and antibodies raised against this protein. Results from this immunoassay have shown to accurately quantify recombinant and natural soluble CD14 samples.

ASSAY OVERVIEW

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich ELISA format. The plate is pre-coated with a monoclonal antibody specific for human soluble CD14. The capture antibody can bind to the human soluble CD14 in the standard and samples. After washing the plate of any unbound substances, a biotinylated monoclonal antibody against human soluble CD14 is added to the wells. After another washing of the plate, Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate is added. After the last wash to remove any unbound enzyme, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in direct proportion to the amount of human soluble CD14 bound in the standard solutions or samples. A standard curve can be established and sample values can be read off the standard curve.

PROCEDURAL LIMITATIONS

- _FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- _This ELISA kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- _Do not mix reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- _It is important that the Dilution Buffer selected for the standard curve be consistent with the samples being assayed.
- _Any modifications in buffers, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, as well as kit age can cause a change in signal.
- _Not all interfering factors have been tested in the immunoassay, therefore the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

COMPONENTS PROVIDED

DESCRIPTION	CODE	QUANTITY
CD14 Microplate - 96 well polystyrene	178-06-	1 plate
microplate (12 strips of 8	01	
wells) coated with an antibody against soluble		
CD14.		
Soluble CD14 Standard	178-06-	1 vial
– the lot specific of	178-00-	1 Viai
recombinant human soluble CD14 in a buffered	02	
protein base with		
preservative; lyophilized.		
Detection Antibody	178-06-	1 vial
Concentrate – the lot	170-00-	T AIGI
specific of concentrate of	03	
biotinylated antibody against soluble CD14 with		
preservative; lyophilized.		
Positive Control – one	178-06-	1 vial
vial of recombinant human	170-00-	1 Viai
soluble CD14; lyophilized.	04	
Streptavidin-HRP	SAHRP	1 vial
Conjugate - 120 μL/vial,	JAIIII	1 VIGI
100-fold concentrated solution of Streptavidin		
conjugate to HRP.		
Dilution Buffer – 60 mL		
of buffered protein based	DB10	2 bottles
solution with preservative.		
HRP Diluent Solution -	DB68C	1 bottle
12 mL of buffered protein based solution with		
preservative.		
Wash Buffer - 50 mL of	MD04	41
10-fold concentrated	WB01	1 bottle
buffered surfactant, with		
preservative.		
TMB Substrate Solution - 11 mL of TMB substrate	TMB01	1 bottle
solution.		
Stop Solution - 11 mL of	c cres	4 5
0.5M HCI.	S-STOP	1 bottle
Plate Sealer	EAPS	1 piece
Plastic Pouch	P01	1 piece

STORAGE

Unopened Kit: Store at 2 – 8°C for up to 10 months. For longer storage, unopened Standard, Positive Control and Detection Antibody Concentrate should

be stored at -20°C or -70°C. Do not use kit past expiration date.

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

- Microplate reader capable of absorbance measurement at 450 nm.
- Microplate shaker (250 300 rpm).
- Microplate washer or manifold dispenser.
- 100 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.
- Multi-channel Pipette, Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.

PRECAUTION

This kit should be handled by those persons who have been trained in and can follow the principles of good laboratory practice. Wear protective clothing such as laboratory overalls, safety glasses and gloves. Care should be taken while handling solutions in this kit to avoid contact with skin or eyes, especially with the stop solution because it contains diluted hydrochloric acid. Wash immediately with water in case of contact on skin or eyes.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Cell Culture Supernates - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C. Avoid repeated freezethaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at $1000 \times g$. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at $1000 \times g$ within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Optional: Use Aprotinin (enzyme inhibitor) for ALL sample collection to prevent sample degradation. 0.5 TIU per ml of sample solution.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum and plasma samples require a 2000 or 4000-fold dilution. A suggested 50-fold dilution is 10 μ L sample + 490 μ L of Dilution Buffer. Then, to make a final 2000-fold dilution is 10 μ L of 50-fold diluted sample + 390 μ L of Dilution Buffer. Finally, to make

a 4000-fold dilution is 10 μ L of 50-fold diluted sample + 790 μ L Dilution Buffer.

Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application.

Use polypropylene test tubes.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 50 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water (450 mL) to prepare 500 mL of 1x Wash Buffer.

Soluble CD14 Standard - Reconstitute the soluble CD14 Standard with the lot specific of Dilution Buffer. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The 1250 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

TUBE	STANDARD	DILUTION BUFFER	CONCENTRATION
stock	powder	The lot specific	
# 1	The lot	The lot	1250 pg/mL
# 2	specific 250µL of 1	specific 250µL	625 pg/mL
#3	250μL of 2	250μL	312.5 pg/mL
# 4	250μL of 3	250μL	156 pg/mL
# 5	250μL of 4	250μL	78 pg/mL
# 6	250μL of 5	250μL	39 pg/mL
#7	250μL of 6	250μL	19.5 pg/mL

Positive Control - Reconstitute the positive control with the lot specific of Dilution Buffer.

Detection Antibody - Reconstitute the Detection Antibody Concentrate with the lot specific of Dilution Buffer to produce a 10-fold concentrated stock solution. Pipette 10.8 mL of Dilution Buffer into a 15 mL centrifuge tube and transfer 1.2 mL of 10-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution.

Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - Pipette 11.88 mL of HRP Diluent Solution (DB68C) into a 15 mL centrifuge tube and transfer 120 µL of 100-fold

concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution (protect from light).

ELISA PROTOCOL

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before the start of the assay. Blank, standard dilutions, positive control and samples should be assayed in duplicate. ELISA Protocol may need further optimization.

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
- 2. Add 100 μ L per well of Dilution Buffer to Blank wells
- 3. Add 100 µL of standard dilutions in reverse order of serial dilution, samples, or positive control per well. Cover with plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on microplate shaker at room temperature.
- 4. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with 1x Wash Buffer (300 μL) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 5. Add 100 μ L of Detection Antibody working solution to each well. Cover with plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on microplate shaker at room temperature.
- 6. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 4.
- 7. Add 100 μ L of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate working solution to each well. Incubate for 60 minutes on microplate shaker at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
- 8. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 4.
- 9. Add 100 μ L of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 8-10 minutes on a microplate shaker at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
- 10. Add 100 μ L of Stop Solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color in the wells is green, or if the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 11. Determine the optical density of each well within 15 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Create a standard curve by plotting the log of the known concentrations of the standard dilutions (x-axis) versus the log of its corresponding O.D. (y-axis) and draw the best fit line through the points. It is recommended to use computer software capable of generating a log-log curve fit to more accurately quantify the standard dilutions.

If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

SPECIFICITY

PROTEINS	CROSS-REACTIVITY (%)
Human sCD14	100
Human GM-CSF	0
Human BD3	0
Human BD1	0
Mouse CD14/Fc Chimera	0
Human Azurocidin	0
LPS	0

TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

The standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A new standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

CD14 (PG/ML)	AVERAGE OD450 (CORRECTED)*
Blank	0 (0.099)
19.5	0.029
39	0.62
78	0.139
156	0.338
312.5	0.675
625	1.409
1250	2.799

SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE

PREPARE REAGENTS, SAMPLES AND STANDARDS Add 100 µL of standard dilutions, samples, or positive control to each well. Incubate 2 hours on the plate shaker at RT. Aspirate and wash 4 times. Add 100 µL Detection Antibody working solution to each well. Incubate 2 hours on the plate shaker at RT. Aspirate and wash 4 times. Add 100 μ L Streptavidin-HRP conjugate working solution to each well. Incubate 60 minutes on the plate shaker at RT. Protect from light. Aspirate and wash 4 times. Add 100 µL Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate 8-10 minutes on the plate shaker at RT. Protect from light. Add 100 µL Stop Solution to each well. Read

450nm within 15 min.