

HUMAN SOLUBLE LECTIN- LIKE OXIDIZED LDL RECEPTOR 1 (LOX-1) ELISA KIT

FOR THE QUANTITATIVE DETERMINATION OF
HUMAN SOLUBLE LOX-1 CONCENTRATIONS IN
SERUM AND PLASMA.



ALWAYS REFER TO LOT SPECIFIC PROTOCOL
PROVIDED WITH EACH KIT FOR
INSTRUCTIONS. PROTOCOL MUST BE
READ BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

PRODUCT INFORMATION:

ELISA NAME	HUMAN SOLUBLE LOX-1 ELISA
Catalog No.	SK00006-09
Lot No.	
Formulation	96 T
Standard range	39 – 2500 pg/mL
Sensitivity	7.8 pg/mL
Sample Volume	100 µL
Dilution Factor	N/A
Sample Type	Serum, Plasma
Specificity	Human Soluble LOX-1
Calibration	Human Soluble LOX-1 Recombinant (HEK293 derived)
Intra-assay Precision	4 - 6%
Inter-assay Precision	8 - 10%
Storage	2 – 8 °C
This kit contains sufficient materials to run 35 samples duplicated provided that assay is run according to protocol.	

Order Contact:
AVISCERA BIOSCIENCE, INC.
2348 Walsh Ave., Suite C
Santa Clara, CA 95051
USA

Tel: (408) 982 0300

Fax: (408) 982 0301

Email: Info@AvisceraBioscience.com

www.AvisceraBioscience.com

DESCRIPTION

This Human Soluble Lectin-like oxidized LDL Receptor 1 (LOX-1) ELISA Kit contains the necessary components required for the quantitative measurement of recombinant human soluble LOX-1 (human cells derived) and/or natural human soluble LOX-1 from serum and plasma samples in a sandwich ELISA format.

This immunoassay contains human soluble LOX-1 recombinant and antibodies raised against this protein. Results from this immunoassay have shown to accurately quantify bioactive recombinant and natural Soluble LOX-1 in the samples.

ASSAY OVERVIEW

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich ELISA format. The plate is pre-coated with a monoclonal antibody specific for human bioactive Soluble LOX-1. The capture antibody can bind to the human soluble LOX-1 in the standard and samples. After washing the plate of any unbound substances, a biotinylated antibody against human Soluble LOX-1 is added to the wells. After another washing of the plate, Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate is added. After the last wash to remove any unbound enzyme, a substrate solution (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops in direct proportion to the amount of human Soluble LOX-1 bound in the standard solutions or samples. A standard curve can be established and sample values can be read off the standard curve.

PROCEDURAL LIMITATIONS

_FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

_This ELISA kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.

_Do not mix reagents with those from other lots or sources.

_It is important that the Dilution Buffer selected for the standard curve be consistent with the samples being assayed.

_Each laboratory must determine the optimal dilution factors for the samples being assayed with a pretest. If samples generate values that are not within the dynamic range of the standard curve, further concentrate or dilute the samples as required with Dilution Buffer and repeat the assay.

_Any modifications in buffers, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, as well as kit age can cause a change in signal.

_Not all interfering factors have been tested in the immunoassay, therefore the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

COMPONENTS PROVIDED

DESCRIPTION	CODE	QUANTITY
Soluble LOX-1 Microplate - 96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with antibody against human soluble LOX-1.	006-09-01	1 plate
Pro-BDNF Standard – 2.5 ng/vial of recombinant human soluble LOX-1 in a buffered protein base with preservative; lyophilized.	006-09-02	1 vial
Detection Antibody Concentrate – 1.2 mL/vial, 10-fold concentrate of biotinylated antibody against human soluble LOX-1 with preservative; lyophilized.	006-09-03	1 vial
Positive Control - one vial of recombinant human soluble LOX-1; lyophilized.	006-09-04	1 vial
Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - 120 µL/vial, 100-fold concentrated solution of Streptavidin conjugate to HRP.	SAHRP	1 vial
Dilution Buffer - 60 mL of buffered protein based solution with preservative.	DB01	1 bottle
Wash Buffer - 50 mL of 10-fold concentrated buffered surfactant, with preservative.	WB01	1 bottle
TMB Substrate Solution - 11 mL of TMB substrate solution.	TMB01	1 bottle
Stop Solution - 11 mL of 0.5M HCl solution.	S-STOP	1 bottle
Plate Sealer	EAPS	1
Plastic Pouch	P01	1

STORAGE

Unopened Kit: Store at 2 – 8 °C for up to 6 months. For longer storage, unopened Standard, Positive Control and Detection Antibody Concentrate should

be stored at -20 °C or -70 °C. Do not use kit past expiration date.

Opened / Reconstituted Reagents: Reconstituted Standard (stock) and Detection Antibody concentrated solution SHOULD BE STORED at -20 °C or -70 °C for up to one month. Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate 100-fold concentrated solution (**protect from light**) and other components may be stored at 2 – 8 °C for up to 6 months. Do not freeze TMB substrate solution or Streptavidin-HRP.

Microplate Wells: Return unused wells to the plastic pouch (P01) with desiccant pack. Microplate may be stored at 2 – 8 °C for up to 6 months.

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

- Microplate reader capable of absorbance measurement at 450 nm.
- Microplate shaker (250 – 300 rpm).
- Microplate washer or manifold dispenser.
- 100 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.
- Multi-channel Pipette, Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤-20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Optional: Use Aprotinin (enzyme inhibitor) (Order Code No.: 00070-01-25) for ALL sample collection to prevent sample degradation. 0.5 TIU per ml of sample solution.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum or plasma samples DO NOT require dilution.

Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application with a pretest. Use polypropylene test tubes.

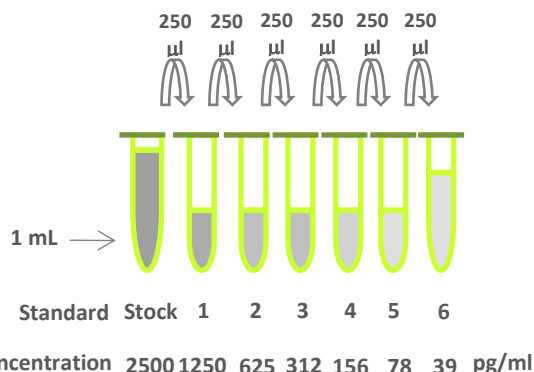
REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 50 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water (450 mL) to prepare 500 mL of 1x Wash Buffer.

Lox-1 Standard - Reconstitute the Soluble LOX-1 standard with 1.0 mL of Dilution Buffer. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 2500 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 250 µL of the appropriate Dilution Buffer into tubes #1 to #6. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The **2500 pg/mL** standard serves as the high standard. The Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

TUBE	STANDARD	DILUTION BUFFER	CONCENTRATION
stock	powder	1 ml	2500pg/ml
# 1	125µl of stock	375 µl	1250 pg/ml
# 2	250µl of 1	250µl	625 pg/ml
# 3	250µl of 2	250µl	312.5 pg/ml
# 4	250µl of 3	250µl	156 pg/ml
# 5	250µl of 4	250µl	78 pg/ml
# 6	250µl of 5	250µl	39 pg/ml



Positive Control - Reconstitute the Positive Control with 1 mL of Dilution Buffer.

Detection Antibody - Reconstitute the Detection Antibody Concentrate with 1.2 mL of Dilution Buffer to produce a 10-fold concentrated stock solution. Pipette 10.8 mL of Dilution Buffer into a 15 mL

centrifuge tube and transfer 1.2 mL of 10-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution.

Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - Pipette 11.88 mL of HRP Dilute Solution into a 15 mL centrifuge tube and transfer 120 μ L of 100-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution. **Note:** 1x working solution of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate should be used within a few days (**protect from light**).

ELISA PROTOCOL

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before the start of the assay. Blank, standard dilutions, positive control and samples should be assayed in duplicate. ELISA Protocol may need further optimization.

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the plastic pouch (P01) with the desiccant pack.
3. Add 100 μ L per well of Dilution Buffer to Blank wells.
4. Add 100 μ L of standard dilutions, positive control, or samples per well. Cover with the plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on microplate shaker at room temperature.
5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with 1x Wash Buffer (300 μ L) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
6. Add 100 μ L of Detection Antibody working solution to each well. Cover with the plate sealer. Incubate for 120 minutes on microplate shaker at room temperature.
7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
8. Add 100 μ L of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate working solution to each well. Incubate for 40 minutes on microplate shaker at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
9. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
10. Add 100 μ L of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 17-19 minutes on microplate shaker at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
11. Add 100 μ L of Stop Solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color in the wells is green, or if the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
12. Determine the optical density of each well within 15 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Create a standard curve by plotting the log of the known concentrations of the standard dilutions (x-axis) versus the log of its corresponding O.D. (y-axis) and draw the best fit line through the points. It is recommended to use computer software capable of generating a log-log curve fit to more accurately quantify the standard dilutions.

If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A new standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

STANDARD (PG/ML)	AVERAGE OD450 (CORRECTED)
Blank	0 (0.068)
39	0.039
78	0.079
156	0.159
312.5	0.310
625	0.629
1250	1.240
2500	1.963

SPECIFICITY

PROTEINS	CROSS-REACTIVITY
Human Soluble LOX-1 (HEK293 derived)	100%
Human sRAGE	0
Human sVEGFR1	0
Human CD36	0
Human CD146	0
Human CD163	0
Human CD10/NEP	0

The data indicated that human Soluble LOX-1 (E. Coli derived) do not have any crossreactivity with this Human Soluble LOX-1 ELISA Kit.

SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE

PREPARE REAGENTS, SAMPLES AND STANDARDS
↓
Add 100 µl of standard dilutions, samples, or positive control to each well. Incubate 2 hours on the plate shaker at RT.
↓
Aspirate and wash 4 times.
↓
Add 100 µl Detection Antibody working solution to each well. Incubate 2 hours on the plate shaker at RT.
↓
Aspirate and wash 4 times.
↓
Add 100 µl Streptavidin HRP conjugate working solution to each well. Incubate 40 min on the plate shaker at RT. Protect from light.
↓
Aspirate and wash 4 times.
↓
Add 100 µl Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate 10 min on the plate shaker at RT. Protect from light.
↓
Add 100 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read 450 nm within 15 min.